

### COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES DEPARTMENT OF AUDITOR-CONTROLLER

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March 13, 2015

TO:

Supervisor Michael D. Antonovich, Mayor

Supervisor Hilda L. Solis

Supervisor Mark Ridley-Thomas

Supervisor Sheila Kuehl Supervisor Don Knabe

FROM:

John Naimo

Auditor-Controller

SUBJECT:

L.A. CARE HEALTH PLAN FINANCIAL CONDITION REVIEW (Board

Agenda Item 21-C, January 27, 2015)

On January 27, 2015, your Board instructed the Auditor-Controller (A-C) to review the financial condition of L.A. Care Health Plan (L.A. Care or Agency), as required by the State of California (State) Welfare and Institutions Code Section 14087.9675. Your Board also instructed us to provide a plan for the County of Los Angeles' (County) involvement in monitoring L.A. Care.

L.A. Care is the Local Initiative Health Authority (Local Initiative) for the County, and is an independent, tax-exempt public agency created by the County, and initially funded by the State and the Federal Government of the United States of America (federal), to provide managed health care services to low-income County residents. The Agency was developed in response to the State's plan to transition Medi-Cal recipients to managed care. In 1994, Senate Bill (SB) 2092 was enacted, which enabled the creation of L.A. Care. Shortly after passage of SB 2092, your Board adopted an ordinance to establish L.A. Care as a separate legal entity from the County. The Agency is the nation's largest locally-based, publicly-operated health plan with approximately 1.67 million members, as of February 2015.

L.A. Care offers health care coverage through a variety of programs, which include Medi-Cal, L.A. Care Covered (Covered California), Cal Medi-Connect (Medi-Cal/Medicare dual eligibility), PASC-SEIU Homecare Workers Health Care, and Healthy Kids 0-5 plans. L.A. Care has a direct network of contracted providers, but primarily provides the delivery of health care services to members by contracting with its Plan

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Partners, which are Anthem Blue Cross of California, Care 1<sup>st</sup> Health Plan, and Kaiser Foundation Health Plan. The purpose of these partnerships is to provide L.A. Care members more choices and flexibility with their health care needs.

#### Scope of Review

The purpose of our review was to evaluate the financial condition of L.A. Care. Our review included interviewing L.A. Care financial management, analyzing L.A. Care's budget and audited financial statements, evaluating internal policies and procedures related to their administrative and financial operations, and reviewing documentation related to their administrative expenses. We also compared L.A. Care's financial performance to the top three most comparable Local Initiatives in the State.

#### Results of Review

L.A. Care's operating revenues totaled approximately \$4.14 billion in Fiscal Year (FY) 2013-14, and included funds from the California Department of Health Care Services, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, State, County, individual member premiums, and various grant sources. L.A. Care's operating expenses totaled approximately \$4.10 billion in FY 2013-14, and mainly consisted of health care expenses, such as capitation for professional services (i.e., payments to providers), inpatient/outpatient claims (e.g., hospital claims, emergency room claims, etc.), and pharmacy claims. In FY 2013-14, L.A. Care's operating revenues and expenses more than doubled from FY 2011-12 due to a large increase in Medi-Cal memberships. L.A. Care indicated that this was a byproduct of the Affordable Care Act, which expanded Medi-Cal to include low-income adults up to 138% of the federal poverty line.

L.A. Care's financial performance for FY 2013-14 was generally comparable to the financial performance of the top three Local Initiatives we reviewed (i.e., Inland Empire Health Plan serving Riverside and San Bernardino Counties, CalViva Health serving Fresno, Kings, and Madera Counties, and Health Plan of San Joaquin serving San Joaquin and Stanislaus Counties). We also noted that L.A. Care's administrative expenses have remained steady at approximately 4.5% of their total operating expenses for the last three fiscal years, which is favorable when compared to the 6.5% average administrative expenses of the other three Local Initiatives. L.A. Care management indicated that they periodically conduct informal cursory comparisons of L.A. Care's financial performance to other State health plans' financial performance.

Although L.A. Care's administrative expenses were reasonable when compared to the other three Local Initiatives, the Agency spent approximately \$476,000 on meals and catering services for various work-related meetings, travel, workplace activities, and external training programs from October 2013 to January 2015. A portion of the expenses were for luncheons and dinners, including some three-course meals and entertainment. For example, in December 2014, the Agency paid \$10,900 for 115

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people (approximately \$95 per person) to attend a retirement party for their former Chief Executive Officer (CEO). The retirement party included an open bar, entertainment, tray passed hors d'oeuvres, and hosted valet service. The Agency also spent an additional \$12,400 on eight farewell luncheons for the former CEO from October to December 2014.

Details of our review are included in Attachments I and II.

#### **Annual Reviews**

We will continue to review L.A. Care's financial condition annually, and conduct other operational and financial audits as conditions merit. Annual reviews will include year-over-year ratio analysis of L.A. Care's audited financial statements, review of internal reports, audits by oversight agencies, management letters and other significant documentation, ongoing benchmarking against comparable Local Initiatives, and reviews of trends and emerging health industry issues with the potential for substantive impact on L.A. Care's financial condition.

#### **Review of Report**

We discussed our report with L.A. Care management, and they agreed with our findings and recommendations. L.A. Care's attached response (Attachment III) describes the corrective actions the Agency plans to take to address the recommendations in our report.

We thank L.A. Care management and staff for their cooperation and assistance during our review. If you have any questions please call me, or your staff may contact Robert Smythe at (213) 253-0100.

JN:AB:RS

#### Attachments

c: Sachi A. Hamai, Interim Chief Executive Officer
 Patrick Ogawa, Acting Executive Officer, Board of Supervisors
 Mitchell H. Katz, M.D., Director, Department of Health Services
 L.A. Care Health Plan

 John Wallace, Interim Chief Executive Officer
 Tim Reilly, Chief Financial Officer
 Public Information Office
 Audit Committee

## L.A. CARE HEALTH PLAN FINANCIAL CONDITION REVIEW FISCAL YEAR 2011-12 THROUGH 2013-14

#### **Background**

L.A. Care Health Plan (L.A. Care or Agency) is the Local Initiative Health Authority (Local Initiative) for the County of Los Angeles (County), and is an independent, tax-exempt public agency created by the County, and initially funded by the State of California (State) and the Federal Government of the United States of America (federal), to provide managed health care services to low-income County residents. The Agency was developed in response to the State's plan to transition Medi-Cal recipients to managed care. In 1994, Senate Bill (SB) 2092 was enacted, which enabled the creation of L.A. Care. Shortly after passage of SB 2092, your Board adopted an ordinance to establish L.A. Care as a separate legal entity from the County. The Agency is the nation's largest locally-based, publicly-operated health plan with approximately 1.67 million members, as of February 2015.

L.A. Care offers health care coverage through a variety of programs, which include Medi-Cal, L.A. Care Covered (Covered California), Cal Medi-Connect (Medi-Cal/Medicare dual eligibility), PASC-SEIU Homecare Workers Health Care, and Healthy Kids 0-5 plans. L.A. Care has a direct network of contracted providers, but primarily provides the delivery of health care services to members by contracting with its Plan Partners, which are Anthem Blue Cross of California, Care 1<sup>st</sup> Health Plan, and Kaiser Foundation Health Plan. The purpose of these partnerships is to provide L.A. Care members more choices and flexibility with their health care needs.

#### **Financial Condition**

L.A. Care's operating revenues totaled approximately \$4.14 billion in Fiscal Year (FY) 2013-14, and included funds from the California Department of Health Care Services (DHCS), federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), State, County, individual member premiums, and various grant sources. L.A. Care's operating expenses totaled approximately \$4.10 billion in FY 2013-14, and mainly consisted of health care expenses, such as capitation for professional services (i.e., payments to providers), inpatient/outpatient claims (e.g., hospital claims, emergency room claims, etc.), and pharmacy claims. In FY 2013-14, L.A. Care's operating revenues and expenses more than doubled from FY 2011-12 due to a large increase in Medi-Cal memberships. L.A. Care indicated that this was a byproduct of the Affordable Care Act, which expanded Medi-Cal to include low-income adults up to 138% of the federal poverty line.

Details of L.A. Care's operating revenues and expenses are provided in Table 1 of Attachment II.

#### **Future Outlook of Revenues and Expenses**

We reviewed L.A. Care's FY 2014-15 budget, and noted that membership is estimated to grow to 1.82 million members by fiscal year-end (September 2015), which is a 17% increase from their FY 2013-14 membership total of 1.55 million. As of February 2015, we confirmed membership has grown by 9% to 1.67 million for the year.

L.A. Care's FY 2014-15 budget also projects its operating revenues and expenses will increase to \$6.63 billion (60%) and \$6.56 billion (60%), respectively. L.A. Care indicated that the faster rate of growth in its revenues and expenses relative to its membership is mainly attributable to the projected 55% increase in the capitated revenues and expenses per member for the Agency's Medi-Cal and Cal Medi-Connect plans. The Agency's FY 2013-14 workforce of 1,294 is also projected to grow to 1,800 employees (39%) during FY 2014-15. L.A. Care indicated that they have established financial and performance objectives related to financial sustainability of their product lines, and plan to achieve these objectives by fiscal year-end.

L.A. Care is currently involved in various legal actions arising in the normal course of business, of which the outcomes are not determinable. However, L.A. Care has insurance policies covering such potential losses, and management indicated that any potential liability incurred will not have a material effect on L.A. Care's financial condition.

#### **Financial Analyses**

We used L.A. Care's financial information for FYs 2011-12 through 2013-14, and various financial ratios to determine the Agency's financial health and stability. We noted the following:

- Short-term solvency, debt-paying capability, and ability to carry operating costs In FY 2013-14, L.A. Care's current assets exceeded their current liabilities by 18%, while liquid assets (i.e., cash, short-term securities, and accounts receivable) exceeded current liabilities by 15%. This indicates that the Agency has sufficient current resources to cover short-term liabilities, and is able to finance current operations and meet obligations as they fall due.
- Ability to generate income in excess of expenses With the exception of FY 2011-12, the Agency has been generating sufficient income to meet expenses. L.A. Care indicated that the FY 2011-12 deficit was primarily due to the addition of Seniors and People with Disabilities (SPD) members into the Medi-Cal program. At the time, the capitation rate paid by DHCS for SPD members did not cover L.A. Care's costs, so the Agency's capitation revenue was unable to keep up with their health care expenses. However, in subsequent years, DHCS increased capitation rates for SPD members for certain counties Statewide, including the County, which aided in covering L.A. Care's costs.

• Net equity requirements - L.A. Care's relatively weak net position (excess of total assets over total liabilities) is a factor of regulatory compliance. For example, the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 300gg-18) and the California Health & Safety Code Section 1367.003 require large group health plans to spend at least 85% of health premium revenues on medical care, in effect restricting the annual fund net position of plans. We noted for the last three fiscal years, L.A. Care spends an average of 95% of revenues on medical care. In addition, Title 28 of the California Code of Regulations Section 1300.76 requires all health plans to maintain a minimum tangible net equity (TNE) to ensure a health plan's financial viability, and L.A. Care has complied with the minimum TNE requirement.

Details of L.A. Care's assets and liabilities are provided in Table 2 of Attachment II.

#### **Comparison to Other Local Initiatives**

The State organizes Medi-Cal managed care by county or groups of counties under six models, which include the Two-Plan, Geographic Managed Care, County Organized Health System, Regional, Imperial, and San Benito models. The County has adopted the Two-Plan model, which offers Medi-Cal members a choice of two health plans, one publicly run (Local Initiative) and the other privately run (commercial insurance), creating competition between the two plans and ultimately leading to better care for members.

The State currently has ten Local Initiatives serving 14 counties, with L.A. Care being the largest Local Initiative. We reviewed L.A. Care's financial performance with the top three most comparable Local Initiatives in terms of memberships for FY 2013-14, which are the Inland Empire Health Plan serving Riverside and San Bernardino Counties with approximately 909,200 members, CalViva Health serving Fresno, Kings, and Madera Counties with approximately 283,600 members, and Health Plan of San Joaquin serving San Joaquin and Stanislaus Counties with approximately 271,900 members.

For FY 2013-14, L.A. Care's financial performance was generally comparable to the financial performance of the three Local Initiatives. However, we noted that administrative expenses of the other three Local Initiatives were slightly higher, averaging 6.5% of their total operating expenses in FY 2013-14. L.A. Care's administrative expenses have remained steady at approximately 4.5% for the last three fiscal years. L.A. Care management indicated that they periodically conduct informal cursory comparisons of L.A. Care's financial performance to other State health plans' financial performance.

Details of our comparison are provided in Table 3 of Attachment II.

#### **Administrative Expenses**

Although L.A. Care has experienced significant growth in the last three fiscal years, the Agency has consistently kept their administrative expenses at approximately 4.5% of their total operating expenses. With the increase in growth, L.A. Care's administrative expenses doubled from \$89.41 million in FY 2011-12 to \$176.83 million in FY 2013-14, with salaries and employee benefits increasing by 77%. L.A. Care indicated that this was due to the Agency's workforce expanding from 703 employees in FY 2011-12 to 1,294 employees (84%) in FY 2013-14.

We reviewed the reasonableness of L.A. Care's discretionary administrative expenses and noted that from October 2013 to January 2015, the Agency spent approximately \$476,000 on meals and catering services for work-related meetings, travel, workplace activities, and external training programs. A portion of the expenses were for luncheons and dinners, including some three-course meals and entertainment. For example, in December 2014, the Agency paid \$10,900 for 115 people (approximately \$95 per person) to attend a retirement party for their former Chief Executive Officer (CEO). The retirement party included an open bar, entertainment, tray passed hors d'oeuvres, and hosted valet service. The Agency also spent an additional \$12,400 on eight farewell luncheons for the former CEO from October to December 2014.

L.A. Care's internal policies state that business entertainment and meals are appropriate and represent a valid charge to the Agency, but that events must be infrequent and approved by L.A. Care management. The policy also states that alcoholic beverages are allowable if they are provided in conjunction with business entertainment, and approved by the CEO. We verified that the former CEO's retirement party and farewell luncheons were approved by executive managers at L.A. Care.

L.A. Care is a public agency that primarily serves the County's most vulnerable and low-income residents. Due to their high visibility within the community, the Agency's management should consider establishing more detailed guidelines and dollar limits for discretionary spending on business entertainment and meals. Agency management should also reevaluate their policy that allows Agency funds to be spent on alcoholic beverages served at various events. In addition, L.A. Care should consider providing its Board of Governors with periodic reports of discretionary spending relating to business entertainment and meals, including amounts and reasons for the events.

#### **Internal Controls and Oversight**

We verified that L.A. Care maintains policies and procedures that define key components of its administrative operations, including addressing generally accepted principles of internal financial controls. The Agency also has monitoring plans in place for all their business units, including compliance with financial and administrative requirements. Proper internal controls are intended to ensure an appropriate level of safeguards over the Agency's resources, as well as the accuracy, efficiency, and

effectiveness of its administrative processes. L.A. Care management is responsible for oversight and compliance with its internal control framework.

#### **Oversight by Governing Agencies**

L.A. Care's operations are reviewed by various governing agencies, including the State Department of Managed Health Care (DMHC), CMS, and DHCS. DMHC conducts financial examinations at least once every five years and additional examinations, as needed, to verify the Agency's fiscal and administrative compliance with regulatory requirements. CMS conducts program audits at least once every three years for each of the Agency's plans to evaluate whether the plans have implemented an effective compliance program, including instituting effective measures to prevent, detect, and correct fraud, waste, and abuse. DHCS conducts annual medical performance audits to verify that the medical services/programs offered by the Agency comply with federal and State laws and requirements. We reviewed the governing agencies' most recent issued reports, and there were no issues of concern to the County arising from these reviews.

We will continue to review and report on L.A. Care's financial condition annually. Our annual reviews will include year-over-year ratio analysis of L.A. Care's audited financial statements, review of internal reports, audits by oversight agencies, management letters and other significant documentation, ongoing benchmarking against comparable Local Initiatives, and reviews of trends and emerging health industry issues with the potential for substantive impact on L.A. Care's financial condition.

109,824

58,521

45,805

4,094,528

20,215

33,768

2,651,180 \$

41,197 \$

		TABLE 1						
OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES								
FISCAL YE	EARS (	FY) 2011-12 THR	OUC	SH 2013-14				
(In Thousands)								
	FY 2011-12			FY 2012-13		FY 2013-14		
Operating Revenues								
Capitation	\$	1,933,594	\$	2,687,358	\$	4,137,151		
Grant income		6,486		5,019		3,182		
Total Operating Revenues	\$	1,940,080	\$	2,692,377	\$	4,140,333		
Operating Expenses								
Capitation-professional services	\$	1,357,947	\$	1,833,993	\$	2,531,919		
Inpatient/outpatient claims		319,029		481,635		933,551		
Pharmacy claims		125,082		165,802		283,888		
Administrative expenses		89,414		115,767		176,825		

28,583

30,453

1,950,508 \$

(10,428) \$

\$

\$

Provider incentive and risk provisions

Income (Loss) from Operations

**Total Operating Expenses** 

Medical administrative expenses

# TABLE 2 ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION FISCAL YEARS (FY) 2011-12 THROUGH 2013-14

(In Thousands)	<u> </u>					
(	FY 2011-12 FY 2012-13		FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14		
Current Assets:		:		::-		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	322,215	\$	689,752	\$	595,351
Investments - fair value		113,492		159,627		300,208
Capitation receivable		54,619		287,138		393,087
Other current assets		8,948		73,121		27,298
Total Current Assets	\$	499,274	\$	1,209,638	\$	1,315,944
Non-Current/Capital Assets	\$	10,071	\$	24,238	\$	38,805
Total Assets	\$	509,345	\$	1,233,876	\$	1,354,749
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	19,883	\$	39,024	\$	41,509
Subcapitation payable		209,645		836,634		629,201
Grants payable		2,079		1,195		827
Reserves for claims		93,986		125,800		302,457
Other accrued medical expenses		7,168		9,389		93,062
Reserves for provider incentives		35,898		33,169		50,258
Total Current Liabilities	\$	368,659	\$	1,045,211	\$	1,117,314
Deferred Rent/Revenues	\$	1,428	\$	12,722	\$	17,361
Total Liabilities	\$	370,087	\$	1,057,933	\$	1,134,675
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	9,693	\$	13,038	\$	28,654
Restricted		363		302		300
Unrestricted		129,202		162,603		191,120
Total Net Position	\$	139,258	\$	175,943	\$	220,074
Total Liabilites & Net Position	\$	509,345	\$	1,233,876	\$	1,354,749

TABLE 3									
LOCAL INITIATIVES - FINANCIAL COMPARISON FISCAL YEAR 2013-14									
									Performance Factors:
Market liquidity	FAIR	FAIR	FAIR	FAIR					
Short-term liquidity	FAIR	FAIR	FAIR	FAIR					
Ability to carry operating costs	GOOD	GOOD	WEAK	GOOD					
Ability to generate income in excess of expenses	GOOD	GOOD	GOOD	GOOD					
Profitability	FAIR	FAIR	FAIR	WEAK					
Overall Performance Rating	FAIR	FAIR	FAIR	FAIR					
Governing Agencies Net Equity Requirement	MET	MET	MET	MET					
Administrative Expenses / Operating Expenses	4.3%	6.6%	6.2%	6.7%					



February 27, 2015

John Naimo Auditor-Controller County of Los Angeles 500 West Temple Street, Room 525 Los Angeles, California 90012

Dear Mr. Naimo:

Thank you for the opportunity to review your office's report entitled L.A. Care Health Plan Financial Condition Review. We would also like to thank the Auditor-Controller for its positive and highly professional working relationship with L.A. Care throughout the review period.

L.A. Care is in agreement with the report and will work to implement the recommendations. L.A. Care's Board and management are committed to implementing best practices for public agencies and expenditures.

Additionally, we would like to elaborate on administrative and discretionary expenditures made by L.A. Care during the period of your review. As you noted in your report, L.A. Care was established by the County authorized by State legislation (SB 2092). Among its provisions, SB 2092 requires L.A. Care, as the Local Initiative under Medi-Cal Managed Care, to convene a Technical Advisory Committee, a Children's Health Consultant Advisory Committee, and Regional and Executive Community Advisory Committees. There are 11 Regional Community Advisory Committees meeting throughout Los Angeles County. These committees, comprised of volunteer health experts in the community and members of L.A. Care, provide input into operations of the health plan. As of February 26, 2015, there are approximately 260 people participating in these committees, and L.A. Care provides refreshments at the meetings.

We would also like to note that because L.A. Care was established to engage in the competitive health care sector, in order to support staff productivity and retention, we hold employee events and wellness activities that maintain the morale of our workforce.

Lastly, as indicated above, California's implementation of the Affordable Care Act has led L.A. Care to experience significant growth over the last year including new populations and newly added benefits to the Medi-Cal program. This includes the Medi-Cal Expansion population, new behavioral health and autism benefits, the Cal MediConnect program for beneficiaries dually eligible for Medicare and Medi-Cal, the addition of Long Term Services and Supports to Medi-Cal Managed Care, and participation in Covered California, the State's health benefit exchange. This growth has required many policy and implementation meetings statewide, as well as extensive outreach with providers and stakeholders to train and engage them on program changes.



For your consideration we have provided the attached chart which details the meals and catering expenditures noted in your report.

Again, thank you for the opportunity to review the report and we look forward to working with your office as we implement the recommendations.

John Wallace

Interim Chief Executive Officer

CC: L.A. Care Board of Governors



	Meals and Catering		
Description	Purpose/Use		Total
Board of Governors Services	Monthly meetings for L.A. Care's		17,019
	Board of Governors and its		
	subcommittees including annual		
	offsite strategic planning retreat; all		
	are open to the public.		
Community Advisory Committees	Regional Community Advisory		65,744
	Committee (RCAC) monthly meetings		
	in 11 Regions; Executive Community		
	Advisory Committee (elected		
	representatives from RCACs) monthly		
	meetings. RCAC community health		
	outreach activities.		TEFF
Internal Organization and	Employee meetings, retention and		175,787
Workplace Activities	team building activities including		
	employee events, employee wellness		
	(fresh fruit Fridays). Includes CEO		
	farewell lunches.	-	F0.000
Marketing Outreach Activities	Marketing and training for physicians		58,090
	and community activities. Includes		
	CEO retirement party attended by external health leaders and L.A. Care		
	senior management.		
Euternal Training Draggoms	Continued Medical Education (CME)		65,445
External Training Programs	for physicians, and L.A. Care		03,443
	participation in local community		
	activities such as provider awards		
	events. Three-course dinner in		
	question was for physicians outreach		
	for Electronic Records Meaningful Use		
	(L.A. Care has played a leading role in		
	supporting Health Information		
	Technology capability among safety		
	net providers).		
Business Travel and Sales	Meals for authorized work related	\$	93,660
	travel and sales-related meals		
			475,745

